

3rd World Congress on COPD, Pulmonology and Lung Health

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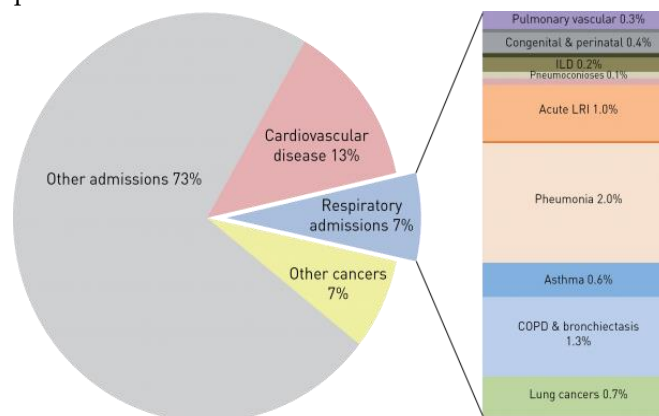
Madrid, the capital of Spain is situated by the River Manzanares in the centre of both the country and the Community of Madrid.

After London and Berlin, Madrid is the third-largest city in the European Union and its metropolitan area is the third largest in the European Union. Madrid is recognized as the largest municipality in both Madrid and Spain, covering an area of 604.3 km² (233.3 sq. mi).

The Gross Domestic Product (GDP) of Madrid is the third largest in the European Union. Madrid is the 17th safest city in the world according to the survey conducted by Monocle magazine in 2014. Though Madrid has economically developed over ages in every aspect and modernized, still they preserved their historic places and monuments which is visited by thousands every day from all over the world. Some of them are 19th-century National Library building which was constructed in 1712, the Royal Theatre with its restored 1850 Opera House; the Buen Retiro Park, founded in 1631 and the museums namely Prado Museum, the Reina Sofía Museum, a museum of modern art, and the Thyssen-Bornemisza Museum, which completes the shortcomings of the other two museums. Cibeles Palace and Fountain have become one of the monument symbols of the city. Among all other cities in Spain, Madrid is the most visited one. While Madrid is a huge city, and it is easily possible to spend a whole holiday exploring, there is also a lot to see outside the city itself. Suggested excursions include Toledo, the country's former capital and a charming medieval city, and Segovia with its impressive castle inspired by the famous castle logo of Walt Disney.

Constant respiratory maladies, including ceaseless obstructive pneumonic illness (COPD) and asthma, are answerable for a considerable wellbeing and money related weight every year. 6.7% of all passages were because of incessant respiratory infections, which were the fifth driving reason for death. Geologically exact

yearly gauges of constant respiratory illness mortality by type would permit a progressively complete comprehension of provincial variety in incessant respiratory malady death rates and might be helpful for clinicians and policymakers keen on lessening geographic differences and the wellbeing and budgetary weights of ceaseless respiratory ailments overall. It is likewise expressed that about 60% of the accessible respiratory gadgets in the market are most regularly utilized for the COPD tolerant. Lung Health 2019 gives a phase that urges makers to confer their knowledge into a progressively broad gathering of spectators and supports a snappy system for passages achieving brilliant dispersions. We moreover mean to contribute towards reducing the uniqueness in conveyances from low-and focus wage countries. Our gathering of spectators is around the world, and we intend to share investigate realizes COPD from all pieces of the world.



Pneumonic health is particularly enthusiastic about the effects of changes in respiratory care and awareness is growing every year, and subsequently. Lung Health 2019 energizes entries from scientists located in the United States, Europe and Asian nations. The paper accepts articles on COPD research including emphysema, tuberculosis, asthma, aspiratory recovery, cystic fibrosis, lung disease and diagnosis topics.

Bronchitis is a bronchial pipe lining infection. These are the pipes that carry oxygen into and out of the lungs. People with bronchitis often have a persistent cough that produces thickened, discolored mucus. Wheezing, chest pain, or shortness of breath may also occur. Most people with chronic bronchitis eventually develop emphysema, a form of pulmonary disease. Lung cancer is a type of cancer that begins in the lungs and the uncontrolled growth of abnormal cells in one

or both lungs. Your lungs are two spongy organs in your chest that take in oxygen when you inhale and release carbon dioxide when you exhale. Once the tumours have become larger and increased in number, they make it difficult for the lungs to provide oxygen to the bloodstream. People who smoke have the greatest risk of lung cancer, though lung cancer can also occur in people who have never smoked.